



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

The Agenda sets a global plan for sustainable development focused on people, planet, and prosperity. It aims to end poverty, ensure equality, protect the environment, and leave no one behind. With 17 Sustainable Development Goals and 169 targets, it builds on past efforts and promotes human rights, gender equality, and global partnership over the next 15 years.



End poverty in all its forms wide.
Eradicating poverty is recognized as the greatest global challenge and a key requirement for sustainable development.



End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.



Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages. Progress on global health has slowed, with rising inequalities and climate impacts affecting vulnerable groups.



Ensure inclusive and equitable quality educatin and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls. Key milestones include the creation of the Commission on the Status of Women and the adoption of major agreements such as the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women





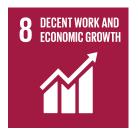
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Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all. Water and sanitation are essential for sustainable development, supporting poverty reduction and growth. However, overuse, pollution, and climate change have caused severe water stress in many parts of the world



Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



Reduce inequality within and among countries



Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



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Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns



Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development. Oceans cover most of the Earth and are vital for climate regulation, food security, and livelihoods for over three billion people. They support biodiversity, provide oxygen, and play a key role in sustainable development and poverty reduction



Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts



Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss



Promote peaceful, inclusive societies, ensure access to justice for all, and build effective, accountable institutions at all levels



Strengthen support and renew the global partnership for sustainable development.